

# **MPA Baseline Program**

## **Annual Progress Report**



Principal Investigators - please use this form to submit your MPA Baseline Program project annual report, including an update on activities completed over the past year and those planned for the upcoming year. This information will be used by the MPA Baseline Program Management Team to track the progress of individual projects, and will be provided to all MPA Baseline Program PIs and co-PIs prior to the Annual PIs workshop to facilitate discussion of project integration. Please submit this form to California Sea Grant when complete (<a href="mailto:sgreport@ucsd.edu">sgreport@ucsd.edu</a>, Subject [Award Number, project number, PI, "Annual Report"].)

Project Information					
Project Y	ear March 2011 – February 2012	Study Region North Central Coast			
Project Ti & Numb	Froject ritle. Analysis of citizen science data from rocky shore and samuly beaches, confected by Livine 13 (Long-term				
PI name	Amy Dean	Co-PI name			
PI Contac (please lis Address	et Info st additional PIs and contact info in the "s 991 Marine Drive, The Presidio San Francisco, CA 94129	Co- PI Contact Info  Project Personnel" section if necessary)  Address			
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#### Project Goals & Objectives

 $\textbf{Goal:} \ \textbf{Baseline characterization and monitoring recommendations}.$ 

Objective 1: Compilation and description of existing LiMPETS data (2002 – 2009) to describe methods and data collected in areas currently surveyed within the North Central Coast MPAs. A) Collaborate with MPA Project Leaders (Carr, Raimondi, Dugan and others) to better understand how LiMPETS citizen science data can complement the baseline characterization being conducted for rocky intertidal and sandy beaches in the North Central Coast. B) Identify potential inconsistencies in sample frequency or effort at monitoring sites within or near MPAs, such as Duxbury Reef, Montara SMR and Pillar Point.

Objective 2. Conduct LiMPETS rocky intertidal and sandy beach monitoring with students and community groups at the time of MPA implementation (2010 – 2011).

A) Ensure consistent sample frequency at monitoring sites within or near MPAs.

Objective 3. Analyze and interpret existing rocky intertidal and beach data to: A) Describe and understand spatial variation in *Emerita analoga* at sandy beaches that are currently established as LiMPETS monitoring sites within the North Central Coast region. B) Describe and understand spatial variation in rocky intertidal species and communities within the North Central Coast region. Four established LiMPETS rocky intertidal monitoring sites will be included in this description: Pigeon Point, Pillar Point, Montara SMR, and Duxbury Reef. C) Describe and understand differences in species and ecosystems inside and outside Montara SMR. D) Describe and understand historical trends in species, communities and ecosystems with consideration of potential driving or causal factors. E) Where possible, identify select monitored species considered to be sensitive and rapid in responding to MPA implementation and describe any changes observed that may or seem likely to be due to the MPAs.

Objective 4. Provide long-term monitoring recommendations, via: A) Using the results of the data analysis above in combination with the North Central Coast MPA Monitoring framework to provide recommendations for long-term monitoring that include informative indicators, potential sampling locations, sampling strategies (temporal and spatial frequency), appropriate analytical techniques, additional considerations for implementing citizen-based long-term monitoring, and cost estimates.B) Participating in collaborative processes (e.g., workshops) with the MPA Monitoring Enterprise and other baseline program project leaders to: i. Contribute towards an integrated and synthesized assessment of ecosystem conditions at the time of MPA implementation and initial MPA effects following MPA implementation ii. Compare results from citizen science and other monitoring methods to provide recommendations for long-term monitoring.

### **Summary of Project Activities Completed to Date**

Overview of Project Year Activities, including progress towards meeting goals & objectives

- (1) Seasonal monitoring of LiMPETS rocky intertidal sites within MPAs and reference sites:
  - a. Duxbury Reef (Duxbury Reef SMCA) monitored April/May 2011, August 2011, November 2011, January 2012.
  - b. Fitzgerald Marine Reserve (Montara SMR) monitored April/May 2011, August 2011, October/November 2011, (January 2012 survey canceled due to high surf conditions).
  - c. Pillar Point (reference site for Montara SMR) monitored May 2011, August 2011, October/November 2011, January 2012

<u>Description</u>: Working with the LiMPETS coordinators, local school and volunteer groups have collected data four times over the past year at three rocky intertidal sites. Groups participating include California Academy of Science Rocky Shores Naturalists (San Francisco), City College of SF (San Francisco), Napa Christian Academy (Napa), Ross School (Ross), Crystal Spring Upland School (Hillsborough), EarthTeam (Berkeley), Urban School (San Francisco), Drew School (San Francisco), and Burlingame High School (Burlingame), and FMSA/GFNMS staff and volunteers.

- (2) Seasonal monitoring of LiMPETS sandy beach sites:
  - a. Salmon Creek (reference site for Bodega Head SMR) monitored May 2011, August 2011, October 2011.
  - b. Montara State Beach (reference site for Montara SMR) monitored May 2011, August 2011, October 2011. <a href="Description">Description</a>: Working with the LiMPETS coordinators, local schools and volunteer groups have collected data three times over the past year at two sandy beach sites. Groups participating include Lower Lake Elementary (Lower Lake), City College of San Francisco, and FMSA/GFNMS staff and volunteers.
- (3) Comparison of sandy beach methodologies: Nielson, Morgan, Dugan vs LiMPETS
  - a. Karina Nielsen, Jenny Dugan, Steven Morgan and LiMPETS staff and student volunteers conducted a comparison of methods for sampling mole crab (Emerita analoga) abundance on sandy beaches along the North Central Coast (May 2011). A paired sampling block (LiMPETS 50-m survey area alongside of the Nielsen group's 'Baseline' 100-m survey area) was repeated 2-3 times per site at 3 sites, Montara, Limantour, and Salmon Creek beaches. The Nielsen team conducted the analyses and presented the results to the LiMPETS Scientific Advisory Panel for discussion in November 2011.
- (4) Data entry for all surveys conducted between 2010 and 2012 completed.
- (5) Initial analyses of rocky intertidal and sandy beach datasets:
  - a. Initial analyses of sandy beach dataset using NCSS software took place in June and July 2011.
  - b. Initial analyses of rocky intertidal dataset using NCSS software took place in June and July 2011.

<u>Description</u>: Statistical analyses of historic LiMPETS data to identify trends both at individual sites as well as among sites. The methods for generating the derived data were described in detail in text format.

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	is from project progress so fur, such as successes achieved of interesting stories from the past year
(1)	LiMPETS Sandy Beach Methods Comparison: A methods comparison for sampling mole crab ( <i>Emerita analoga</i> ) abundance on sandy beaches along the North Central Coast was conducted in May 2011. At Salmon Creek Beach, the study was conducted with 20 7 <sup>th</sup> and 8 <sup>th</sup> grade students from Lower Lake Elementary who were thrilled to participate and see real science in action. Photos from the event at Salmon Creek Beach are included at the end of the report. The study found that data collected using LiMPETS methodology cannot determine absolute abundance of mole crabs on beaches, but it can provide correlated rank abundance among beaches as well as identify change in abundance (especially of young of the year crabs) over time.
Descripti	ion of any unforeseen events and substantial challenges, and resulting effect on data collection
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	LiMPETS Sandy Beach Methods Comparison: Karina Nielsen and her project team identified some inconsistencies and challenges with current LiMPETS sandy beach methodology. Karina and the LiMPETS Advisory Panel discussed the results and made recommendation to the LiMPETS program. Some of these recommendations are highlighted below.  a. Online protocols describe the 'start' of transect as centered at high swash. The staff typically initiate transect at high swash, if conditions are safe to do so. Difference between written protocols and in field methodology should be addressed. An additional or different method of identifying the 'start' of the transect might improve consistency of placement of transect in swash, perhaps water table outcrop or slope?  High surf conditions in January 2011 made rocky intertidal surveys challenging. Scheduled surveys were postponed a number of times and surveys were not able to be conducted at Montara SMR.
Data sta	tus (i.e., paper/raw format or digitized; if digitized, what format?)
	has been digitized in two formats: both entered into the online LiMPETS data portal as well as into an Excel spreadsheet.

**Activities Planned for following Project Year** \_\_ (**if applicable**) – *Please describe remaining work and approximate timelines for completing that work, including any anticipated budget variances necessary to complete the project.* 

Description of historic LiMPETS data

Analysis of historic LiMPETS data

Compilation and review of MPA LiMPETS data (2010-2012)

Analysis of MPA data, comparision to historic data

Description of findings

Collaboration with sandy beach and rocky intertidal project PIs.

Map with historic and current abundance and population stats and trends

Final Report: findings and long-term monitoring recommendations

**Project Personnel** – Please indicate additional project personnel involved in your MPA baseline project, including students and volunteers, or additional PI contact information if necessary.

	Students Supported	Student Volunteers
K-12		242
Undergraduate	38	
Masters		
PhD		

Number of other Volunteers not counted above:

9 members of the LiMPETS Science Advisory Panel (John Pearse, Pete Raimondi, Jenny Dugan and others)

Additional PI contact info not listed on first page:

**Cooperating Organizations and Individuals** - Please list organizations or individuals (e.g., federal or state agencies, fishermen, etc.) that provided financial, technical or other assistance to your project since its inception, including a description of the nature of their assistance.

LiMPETS is a statewide student-based citizen science program that is managed by the national marine sanctuary program, but is coordinated regionally and run by a variety of non-profit partners, including FMSA in the San Francisco Bay region. The program is funded entirely by donations from organizations, individuals, and corporations – of which there are many. Listed below are some of our regional funders from FY2012.

Name of Organization or Individual	Sector (City, County, Fed, private, etc.)	Nature of cooperation (If financial, provide dollar amount.)
Autodesk	Private	3,000
Disney Worldwide Conservation Fund	Private	18,600
NOAA BWET	Federal	20,000
CA Coastal Commission	State	10,000
Packard Foundation	Private	50,000
Cisco	Private	15,000
PADI	Private	8,000
Wells Fargo	Private	1,500
Private individual donor (anonomous)	Private	20,000
Gant Family Foundation	Private	1,000

**Additional Information** – Please provide any other project-relevant information, such as descriptions of attached materials, media coverage your project has received, etc.

MPA activities highlighted on LiMPETS website, Facebook page, and in FMSA e-newsletter "Upwelling." Below is the news piece highlighted on the LiMPETS website as well as a couple of photos from the "methods comparison" conducted at Salmon Creek.

### **LIMPETS Involved in Historic State Effort to Create MPAs**

California is currently engaged in a historic effort to establish a system of marine protected areas (MPAs)—similar to national parks and forests on land—to protect and restore our ocean wilderness. Currently, two LiMPETS partners (Channel Islands National Marine Sanctuary and the Farallones Marine Sanctuary Association) have been awarded funding to support this effort. Students and LiMPETS staff are collecting new data and analyzing historic data within these new MPAs to document key aspects of these areas as they are established.

Lower Lake Elementary Students Join LiMPETS and the MPA Sandy Beach Project Team (Nielsen et al) for a day of sun and data collection at Salmon Creek Beach (May 2011)



