

CALFED Progress Report California Sea Grant College Program

ConfirmationNumber 20110816132700

ProjectNo_2C R/SF-24 3rd ProjectYear_2A Printed: 8/16/2011 1:45:56 PM TypeQuestionnaire_2B Final Preparer Information Anthony Clemento PrepName_1A anthony.clemento@noaa.gov PrepEmail_1B 831-420-3965 PrepPhone_1C **Project Information** R/SF-24 StartDate_3a June 1, 2007 EndDate_3b Dec 1, 2010 ProjectNo 2C Validation of a new method for population assessment of Pacific salmonids using genetic markers! ProjectTitle 4 CALFed Fellow contact information Clemento Anthony Fellnit_5D FelLast_5B FelTitle_5A Mr. FelFirst_5C NOAA Southwest Fisheries Science Center/UC Santa Cruz FelInstitution 5E Santa Cruz Lab/Department of Ocean Sciences FelDepartment_5F 110 Shaffer Road FelStreetAddr 5G Santa Cruz FelState_5I CA FelZip_5J 95060 FelCity_5H FelFax 5L 831-420-3977 831-420-3965 FelPhone 5K anthony.clemento@noaa.gov FelEmail 5M Graduate Student Researcher FelPositionTitle_5N Research Mentor (for additional please see #8) Dr. RMLastName_6B Garza RMInit_6D C RMTitle_6A RMFirstName_6C John NOAA Southwest Fisheries Science Center RMInstitution_6E Fisheries Ecology Division RMDepartment_6F 110 Shaffer Road RMStreetAddr_6G Santa Cruz RMZip_6J 95060 RMCity_6H RMState_6I CA 831-420-3906 RMFax 6L 831-420-3977 RMPhone_6K carlos.garza@noaa.gov RMEmail_6M Research Geneticist, Molecular Ecology Team Leader RMPositionTitle_6N Community Mentor (for additional please see #9) Dr. CMLastName_7B Anderson CMFirstName_7C Eric CMTitle_7A CMInit_7D NOAA Southwest Fisheries Science Center **CMInstitution 7E** Santa Cruz Lab **CMDepartment 7F** 110 Shaffer Road CMStreetAddr_7G CMState 7I CA CMZip 7J 95060 CMCity_7H Santa Cruz CMPhone_7K CMFax 7L eric.anderson@noaa.gov CMEmail 7M CMPositionTitle_7N Additional Research Mentors and Community Mentors Additional Research Mentors_8 Additional Community Mentors_9

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ProjectObjectives_10

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PROJECT MODIFICATIONS: Please explain any substantial modifications in research plans, including new directions pursued. Describe major problems encountered, especially problems with experimental protocols and how they were resolved. Describe any ancillary research topics developed.

Modifications_12
No significant modifications were made to the project with the exception of expanding both the number of populations and the size of each in the GSI baseline. As more collaborators transition to SNPs, the baseline will likely continue to grow, expanding its resolution and utility in other parts of the species' range.

BENEFITS AND APPLICATIONS: Suggest the relevance of these new findings to management. Describe any accomplishment, that is significant effects your project has had on resource management or user group behavior. CALFED is looking for "management cue" (see http://science.calwater.ca.gov/pdf/soemamtcues.pdf).

BenefitsApplic_13

PBT has numerous advantages over the coded-wire tag (CWT) program currently in place on the West Coast (Hankin etal. 2005). From a practical standpoint, collection of DNA from returning adults at the hatchery requires much less effort than physically tagging the much more numerous offspring. Normally, coded wire tagging necessitates the capture, transport and tagging of juvenile fish, whereas adult fish would already be in-hand for breeding purposes. Additionally, juvenile fish are more susceptible to disease and stress than adult chinook that are destined to die after spawning anyway. Moreover, only a small fin clip needs be taken, so that a PBT tag could potentially be recovered and the fish released alive. Tag loss, which plagues CWT to an uncertain but substantial degree (Johnson 2004), is not an issue for PBT. The "tag" is simply the sequence of genomic DNA and therefore cannot fall out or be expelled from the fish. By collecting DNA from and genotyping the entire spawning stock, one can tag the entire next generation. A higher percentage of marked fish inevitably results in a higher percentage of recaptures, which drastically improves the power of estimates in mixed population analyses. As comprehensive sampling of broodstock at California hatcheries increases, more and more hatchery fish will be tagged via PBT. Combined with the GSI baseline, we are moving towards a system where information can be obtained from every fish captured at sea. GSI enables managers to identify source populations of ocean-caught salmon in almost real time, without the need to collect, store and transport fish heads. GSI can also be used to accurately estimate straying (migration) rates, manage individual chinook salmon stocks and estimate ocean distribution. Finally, PBT offers the potential to identify the inherited components of physical traits through genetic mapping. This powerful technique requires large known pedigrees, which are a collateral benefit of the PBT methodology.

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PUBLICATIONS: List any publications, presentations, or posters that have resulted from this funded research. Give as many details as possible, including status of paper (e.g., in review; in press), journal name, conference location and date of presentation. Please note (as outlined in the conditions of the award) that each fellow is required to submit an abstract for an oral or poster presentation at each State of the Estuary conference and CALFED Science Conference during the duration of the fellowship.

Publications_14
The SNP discovery associated with this project was extremely successful. These new markers now represent more than 50% of developed SNP assays for each of the target species. This is a valuable contribution to future genetic studies of both chinook salmon and steelhead trout in California. The information that has resulted from this project has been or will be shared with the greater scientific community through the following channels.
1) Abadia-Cardoso A, AJ Clemento, JC Garza. 2011. Discovery and characterization of single-nucleotide polymorphisms in steelhead/rainbow trout, Oncorhynchus mykiss. Molecular Ecology Resources 11(supp.1):31-49
2) Clemento AJ, A Abadia-Cardoso, HA Starks, JC Garza. 2011. Discovery and characterization of single-nucleotide polymorphisms in Chinook salmon, Oncorhynchus tshawytscha. Molecular Ecology Resources 11(supp.1):50-66
3) Unique genetic sequences have been submitted to GenBank, an online database of publicly available DNA sequences maintained by the NIH (http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/), while unique polymorphisms were added to dbSNP, a related public database which tracks known SNPs in a variety of species.
4) New SNP markers have been shared with current state/federal/tribal multi-lab collaborative efforts such as the GAPS program for Chinook (moran et al 2005), funded by the Pacific Salmon Commission.
5) The fellow outlined an integrated GSI and PBT program for California using SNPs in an oral presentation at the 6th Biennial Bay-Delta Science Conference 2010 in Sacramento, CA.
6) Some results were presented in a poster (of the same title) that won honorable mention at the 2007 State of the Estuary Conference in Oakland, CA.
7) The project was publicly outlined by the fellow as a panelist at the Spring-run Chinook Salmon Symposium, hosted by the Salmonid Restoration Federation and South Yuba River Citizens League in 2006.

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COOPERATING ORGANIZATIONS: List those agencies and/or persons who provided financial, technical or other assistance to your project since inception. Describe the nature of their collaboration.

CoopOrganiz_15
NOAA Fisheries - laboratory supplies and mentoring
CA DFG - sample collection at-sea, in ports and at the Feather River Hatchery
on or a sample concentration, in ports and at the realities investigations.
AWARDS: List any special awards or honors that you, or mentor or members of the research team, have
received during the duration of this project.
Awards 16
Student Poster Award Honorable Mention @ 8th Biennial State of the Estuary Conference (2007)
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KEYWORDS: List keywords that will be useful in indexing your project.
Keywords_17
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Additions: Additional information can be added here. Please begin the text with the number of the question you are adding to.

Additions_19
References! Abadia-Cardoso A, AJ Clemento, JC Garza. 2011. Discovery and characterization of single-nucleotide polymorphisms in steelhead/rainbow trout, Oncorhynchus mykiss. Molecular Ecology Resources 11(supp.1):31-49
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Moran P. and 11 co-authors. 2005. Interlaboratory Standardization of Coast-wide Chinook Salmon Genetic Data for International Harvest Management. Progress report from the Genetic Analysis of Pacific Salmonids (GAPS) consortium to the Chinook Technical Committee of the Pacific Salmon Commission, FY2004, FY2005, 44 p. http://www.nwfsc.noaa.gov/research/divisions/cbd/documents/gaps_year2_final.pdf
Smith CT, CM Elfstrom, LW Seeb, JE Seeb. 2005a. Use of sequence data from rainbow trout and Atlantic salmon for SNP detection in Pacific salmon. Molecular Ecology 14(13):4193-203
Smith CT, JE Seeb, P Schwenke, L Seeb. 2005b. Use of the 5 '-nuclease reaction for single nucleotide polymorphism genotyping in Chinook salmon. Transactions of the American Fisheries Society 134(1):207-217